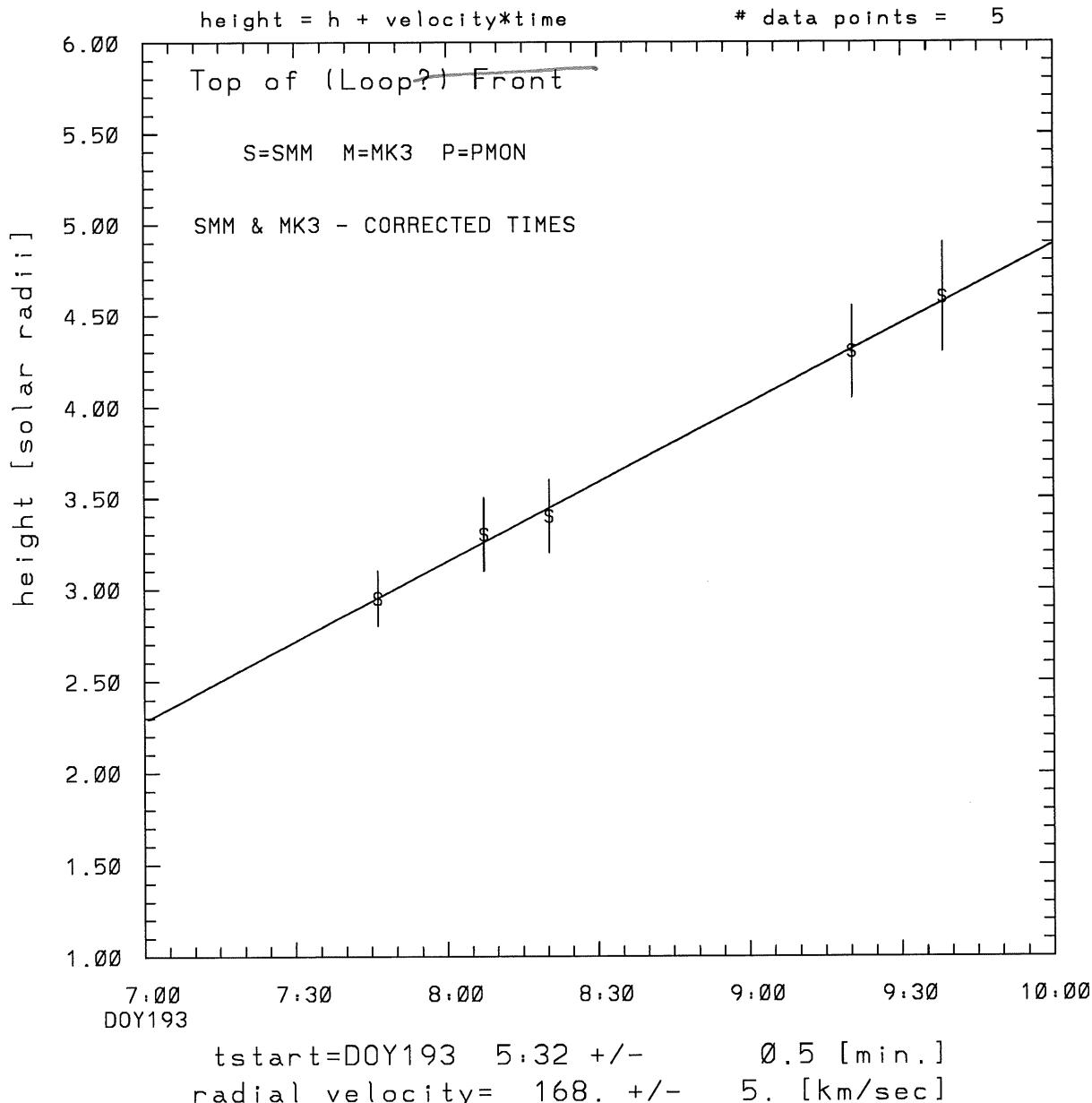
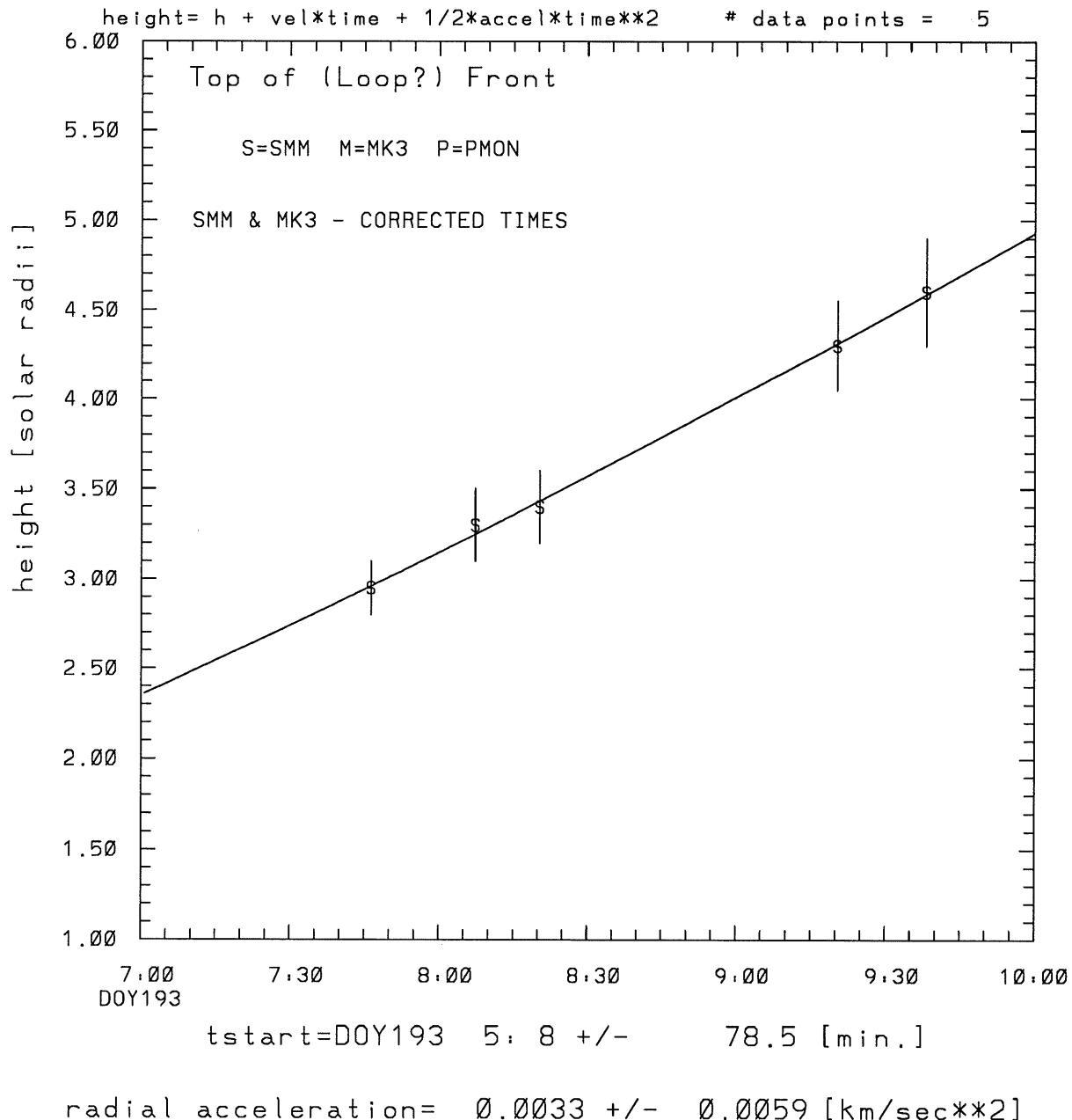


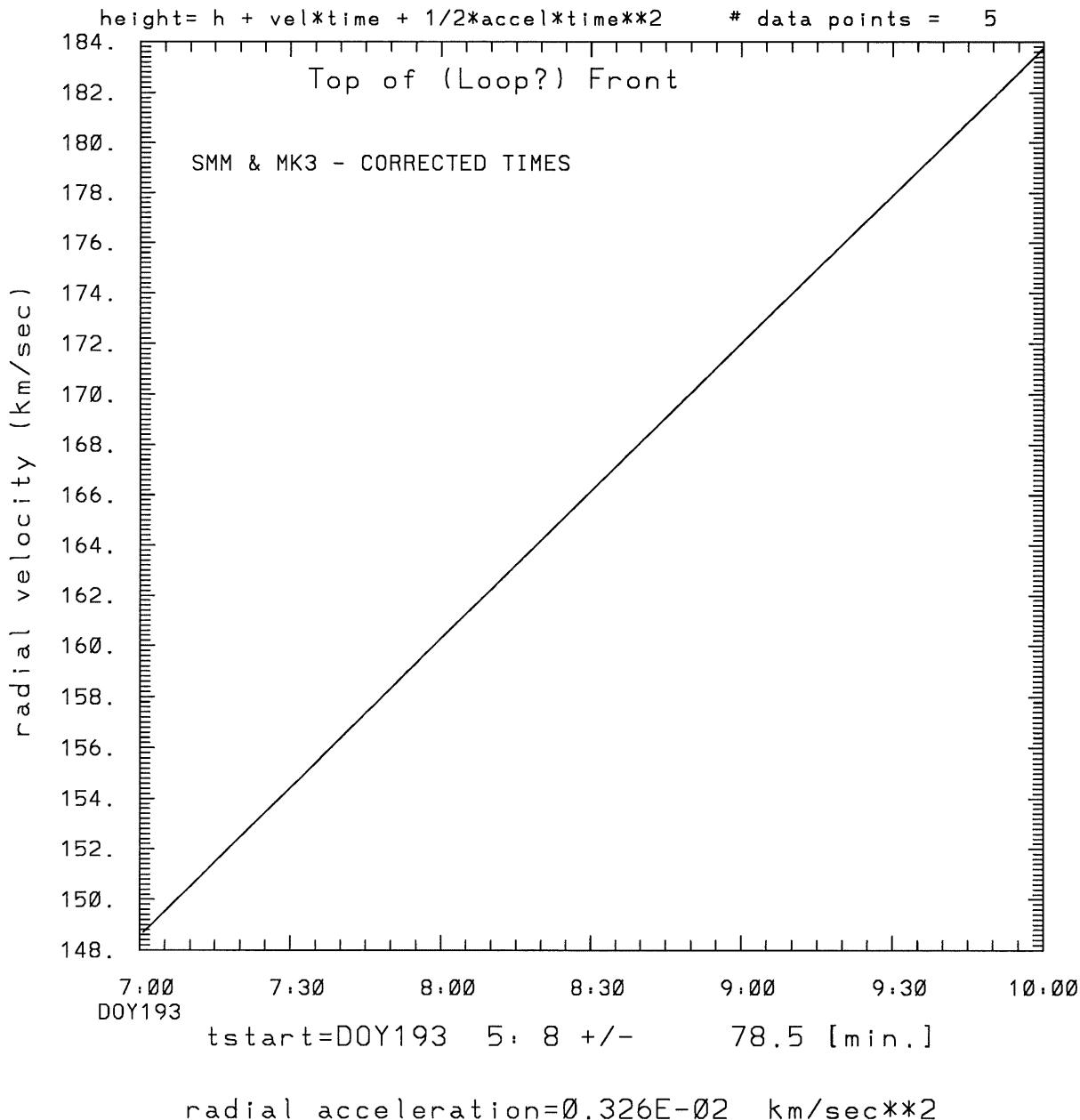
SMM C/P 1986 DOY193 275 +/- 0 degrees



SMM C/P 1986 DOY193 275 +/- 0 degrees



SMM C/P 1986 DOY193 275 +/- 0 degrees



This is a 1 order run

INPUT:

year	doy	time	radii	radius	error in radii	error in radius	angle	angle	datatype
1986	193	7:46:17	2.95	+/- 0.15	275.0	+/- 1.0			SMM
1986	193	8: 7:17	3.30	+/- 0.20	275.0	+/- 0.5			SMM
1986	193	8:20:17	3.40	+/- 0.20	275.0	+/- 0.5			SMM
1986	193	9:20:18	4.30	+/- 0.25	275.0	+/- 0.5			SMM
1986	193	9:38: 8	4.60	+/- 0.30	275.0	+/- 0.5			SMM

Structure being measured:

Top of (Loop?) Front

OUTPUT:

START TIME:

Event began at t = 0 + -0.885E+02 +/- 0.467E+00 [minutes]

In more convenient units:

Event began at DOY 193 5:32 +/- 0.467E+00 [minutes]

Origin defined at DOY193 7: 0

RADIAL INFORMATION:

RADIAL VELOCITY = 168. +/- 5. km/sec

The computed RADIAL coefficients and errors FROM NLLST2 are:

c(1) = 0.228E+01 +/- 0.346E-01 [solar radii]
c(2) = 0.145E-01 +/- 0.389E-03 [radii/min]
c(2) = 0.168E+03 +/- 0.451E+01 [km/sec]
c(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [radii/min**2]
c(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [km/sec**2]

The computed ERRORS in coefficients [BEVINGTON] are:

error in c(1)= 0.44869E-01 [radii] see Bevington pg. 114

error in c(2)= 0.41730E-03 [radii/min] see Bevington pg. 114

ANGULAR INFORMATION:

ANGULAR VELOCITY = 0.0000E+00 +/- 0.0000E+00[radians/sec]

The computed ANGULAR coefficients and errors FROM NLLST2 are:

a(1) = 275. +/- 0. [degrees]
a(2) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [degrees/min]
a(2) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [rad/sec]
a(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [degrees/min**2]
a(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [rad/sec**2]

THE TANGENTIAL AND TOTAL VELOCITIES AT EACH DATA POINT ARE:

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 7:46 = 0.000E+00 km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 7:46 = 168. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 8:7 = 0.000E+00 km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 8:7 = 168. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 8:20 = 0.000E+00 km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 8:20 = 168. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 9:20 = 0.000E+00 km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 9:20 = 168. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 9:38 = 0.000E+00 km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 9:38 = 168. km/sec

The following info is for estimating goodness of the fit

Fit is ok [ier=1]

Standard Deviation in the height = 0.70

Standard Deviation in start time measurement = 0.432E+02

Error in time = 0.48222E+01 using best fit method

See Taylor Error Analysis [Univ of Colorado] pg.78

Value of reduced Chi Squared returned from nllst2 = 0.112E-02

Reduced Chi Squared = 0.482E-02

Chi Squared = 0.145E-01

The probability for exceeding chi square = 0.100E+01

The correlation coefficient = 0.999E+00

The probability that no LINEAR correlation exists between the variables = 0.5071E-04

SEE BEVINGTON "Data Reduction and Error Analysis" [1969]

This is a 2 order run

INPUT:

year	doy	time	radii	radius	error in radii	error in radius	angle	angle	datatype
1986	193	7:46:17	2.95	+/- 0.15	275.0	+/- 1.0			SMM
1986	193	8: 7:17	3.30	+/- 0.20	275.0	+/- 0.5			SMM
1986	193	8:20:17	3.40	+/- 0.20	275.0	+/- 0.5			SMM
1986	193	9:20:18	4.30	+/- 0.25	275.0	+/- 0.5			SMM
1986	193	9:38: 8	4.60	+/- 0.30	275.0	+/- 0.5			SMM

Structure being measured:

Top of (Loop?) Front

OUTPUT:

START TIME:

Event began at t = 0 + -0.114E+03 +/- 0.785E+02 [minutes]

In more convenient units:

Event began at DOY 193 5: 8 +/- 0.785E+02 [minutes]

Origin defined at DOY193 7: 0

RADIAL INFORMATION:

RADIAL ACCELERATION = 0.326E-02 +/- 0.589E-02 km/sec**2

The computed RADIAL coefficients and errors FROM NLLST2 are:

c(1) = 0.235E+01 +/- 0.128E+00 [solar radii]
c(2) = 0.128E-01 +/- 0.306E-02 [radii/min]
c(2) = 0.149E+03 +/- 0.355E+02 [km/sec]
c(3) = 0.843E-05 +/- 0.152E-04 [radii/min**2]
c(3) = 0.326E-02 +/- 0.589E-02 [km/sec**2]

The computed ERRORS in coefficients [BEVINGTON] are:

Approximate error in c(1) = 0.17871E+00 [radii] Bevington pg 154 (8-30)

Exact error in c(1) = 0.43144E-01 [radii] Bevington pg 154 (8-28)

Approximate error in c(2) = 0.40173E-02 [radii/min] Bevington pg 154 (8-30)

Exact error in c(2) = 0.11400E-02 [radii/min] Bevington pg 154 (8-28)

Approximate error in c(3) = 0.19144E-04 [radii/min**2] Bevington pg 154 (8-30)

Exact error in c(3) = 0.57604E-05 [radii/min**2] Bevington pg 154 (8-28)

ANGULAR INFORMATION:

ANGULAR ACCELERATION= 0.0000E+00 +/- 0.0000E+00[radians/sec**2]

The computed ANGULAR coefficients and errors FROM NLLST2 are:

a(1) = 275. +/- 0. [degrees]
a(2) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [degrees/min]
a(2) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [rad/sec]
a(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [degrees/min**2]
a(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [rad/sec**2]

THE TANGENTIAL AND TOTAL VELOCITIES AT EACH DATA POINT ARE:

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 7:46 = 0.000E+00 km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 7:46 = 158. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 8: 7 = 0.000E+00 km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 8: 7 = 162. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 8:20 = 0.000E+00 km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 8:20 = 164. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 9:20 = 0.000E+00 km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 9:20 = 176. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 9:38 = 0.000E+00 km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 9:38 = 179. km/sec

The following info is for estimating goodness of the fit

Fit is ok [ier=1]

Standard Deviation in the height = 0.70

Standard Deviation in start time measurement = 0.432E+02

Value of reduced Chi Squared returned from nllst2 = 0.136E-02

Reduced Chi Squared = 0.499E-02

Chi Squared = 0.997E-02

The probability for exceeding chi square = 0.999E+00

For a second order fit 3 correlation coefficients are given:

(Using equation of motion: $r = a + bt + at^{**2}$)

The correlation between the data and the term linear in time = 0.9858E+00

The correlation between the data and the time **2 term = 0.9366E+00

The correlation between the data and the complete equation of motion = 0.9962E+00

SEE BEVINGTON "Data Reduction and Error Analysis" [1969]