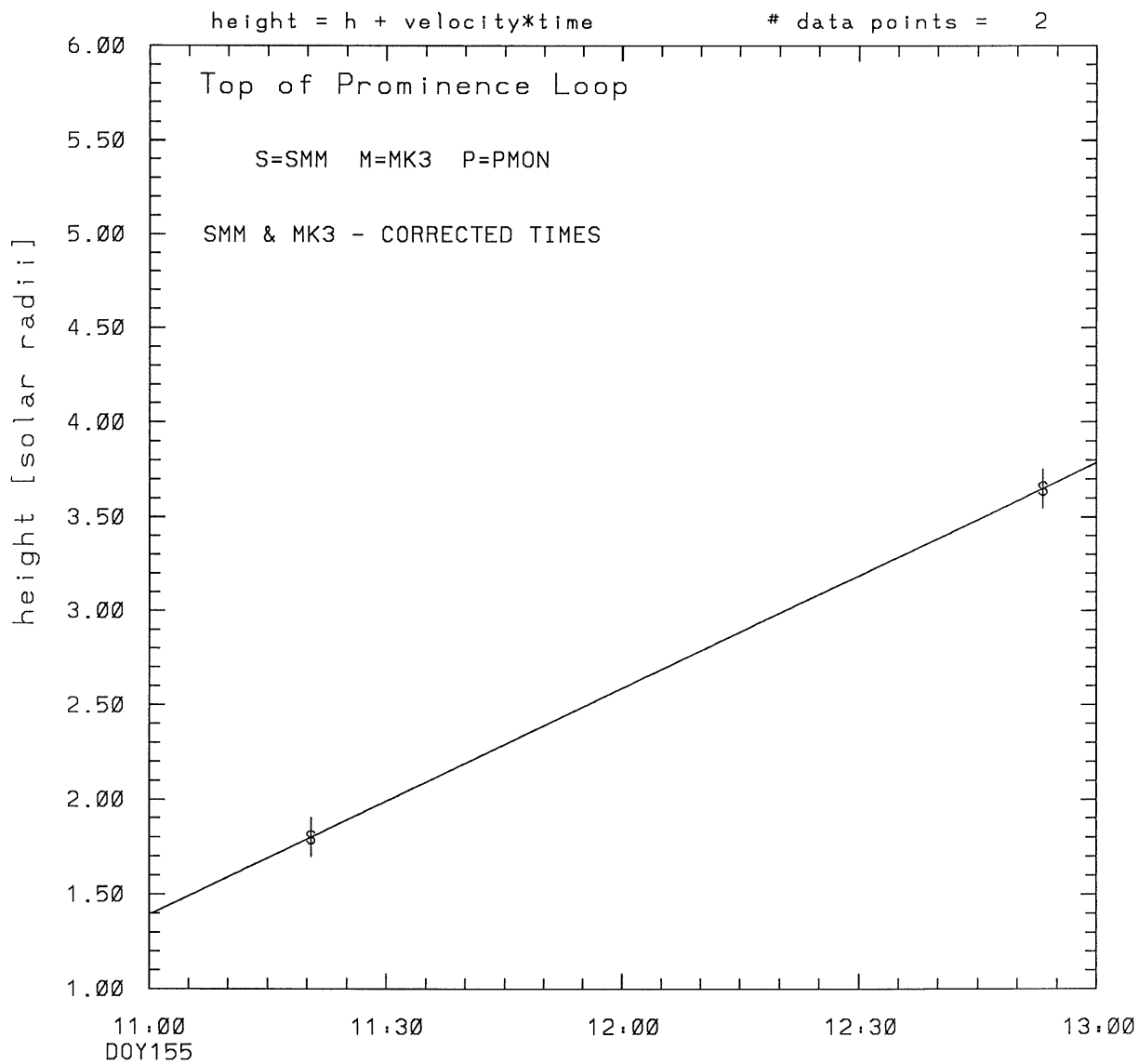


SMM C/P 1989 DOY155 20 +/- 0 degrees

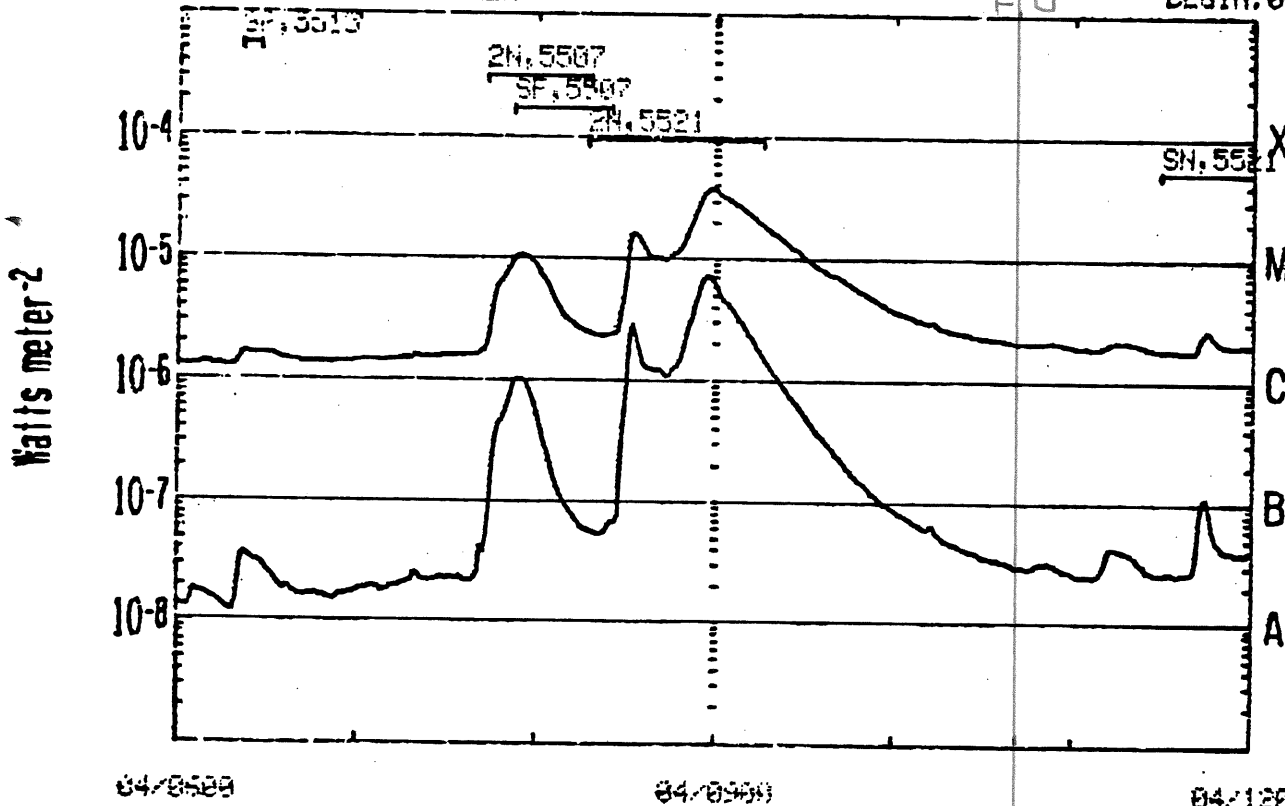


tstart=DOY155 10:42 +/- 0.0 [min.]
radial velocity= 231. +/- 0. [km/sec]

1989 Day 155

Top of Prominence Loop, center=19°
[10:42], first order only

SAFETY: USE OPTICALLY DATA TOGETHER STOP
BEGIN: 04 JUN 89



GOES 7 0.5-4.0A GOES 7 1.0-8.0A
OPTICAL FLARES

GOES-7 1 MIN DATA; OPTICAL FLARE DUR, IMP, REGION

SAA's NIGHT
RUN: 1989JUN
7 JUN 89

This is a 1 order run

INPUT:

year	doy	time	radii	error in radius	error in angle	datatype
1989	155	11:20:29	1.80	+/- 0.10	20.0 +/- 0.5	SMM
1989	155	12:53:14	3.65	+/- 0.10	20.0 +/- 1.0	SMM

Structure being measured:
Top of Prominence Loop

OUTPUT:

START TIME:

Event began at $t = 0 + -0.196E+02 +/- 0.000E+00$ [minutes]
In more convenient units:
Event began at DOY 155 10:42 +/- 0.000E+00 [minutes]

Origin defined at DOY155 11: 0

RADIAL INFORMATION:

RADIAL VELOCITY = 231. +/- 0. km/sec

The computed RADIAL coefficients and errors FROM NLLST2 are:

c(1) = 0.139E+01 +/- 0.000E+00 [solar radii]
c(2) = 0.199E-01 +/- 0.000E+00 [radii/min]
c(2) = 0.231E+03 +/- 0.000E+00 [km/sec]
c(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [radii/min**2]
c(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [km/sec**2]

ANGULAR INFORMATION:

ANGULAR VELOCITY = 0.0000E+00 +/- 0.0000E+00[radians/sec]

The computed ANGULAR coefficients and errors FROM NLLST2 are:

a(1) = 20. +/- 0. [degrees]
a(2) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [degrees/min]
a(2) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [rad/sec]
a(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [degrees/min**2]
a(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [rad/sec**2]

THE TANGENTIAL AND TOTAL VELOCITIES AT EACH DATA POINT ARE:

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 11:20 = 0. km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 11:20 = 231. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 12:53 = 0. km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 12:53 = 231. km/sec

The following info is for estimating goodness of the fit

Number data points = number of coefficients. No error analysis is possible.

Correlation coefficient is not computable!