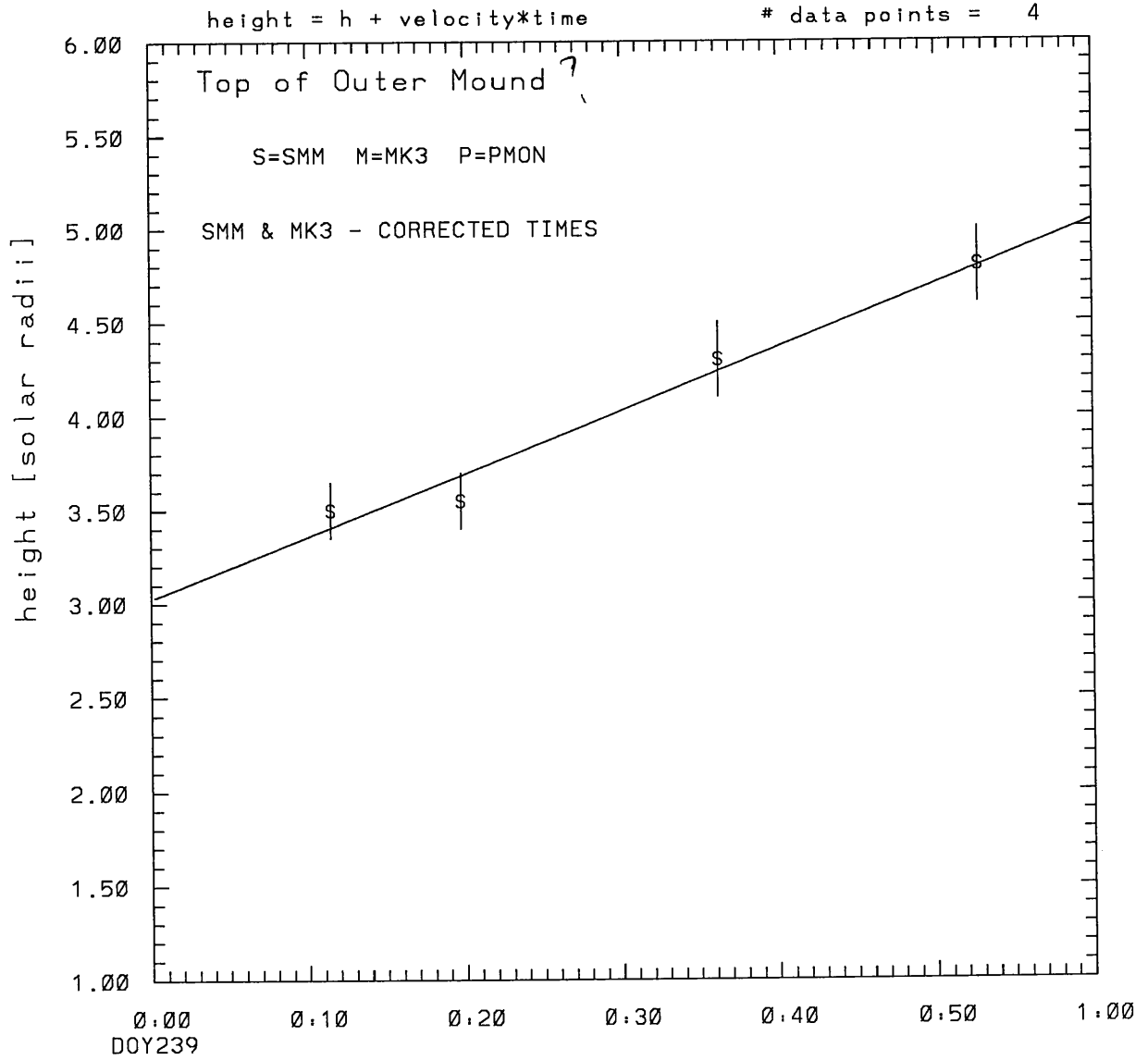
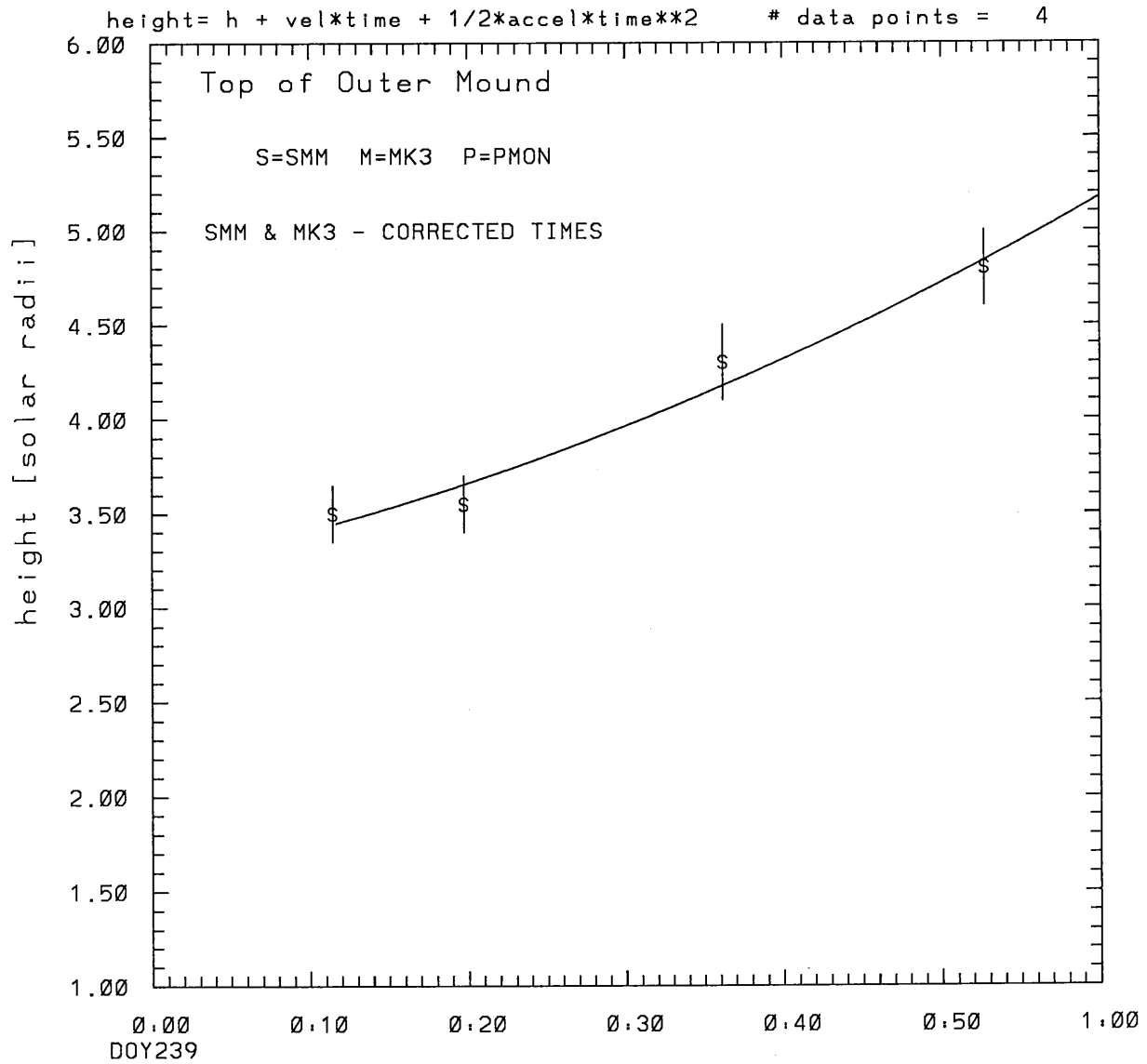


SMM C/P 1989 DOY239 320 +/- 0 degrees



tstart=DOY238 23: 0 +/- 2.6 [min.]
radial velocity= 389. +/- 43. [km/sec]

SMM C/P 1989 DOY239 320 +/- 0 degrees

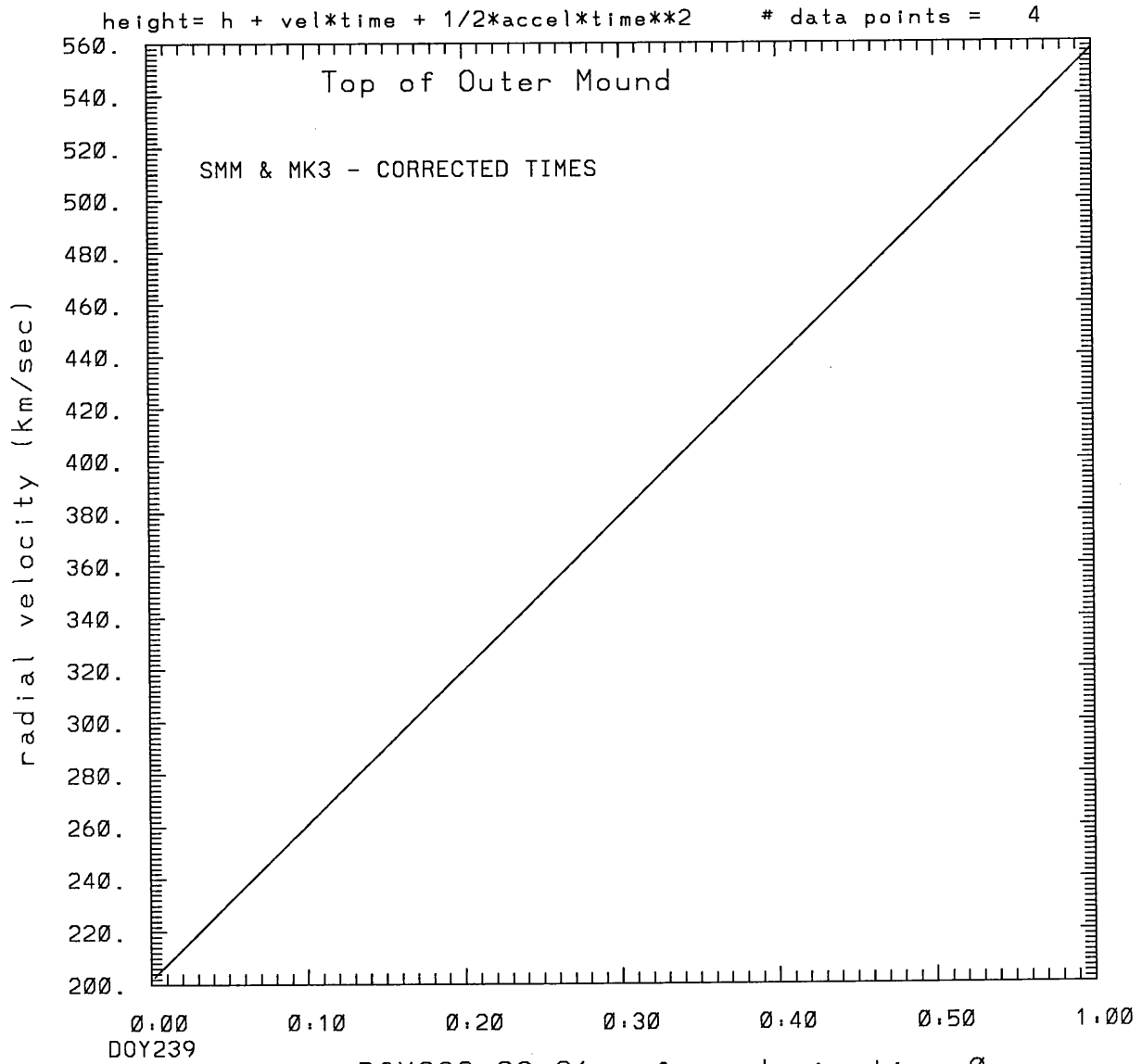


tstart=DOY238 23:26 from derivative=0

Event begins at 2.92 Solar Radii

radial acceleration = 0.0987 +/- 0.1417 [km/sec**2]

SMM C/P 1989 DOY239 320 +/- 0 degrees



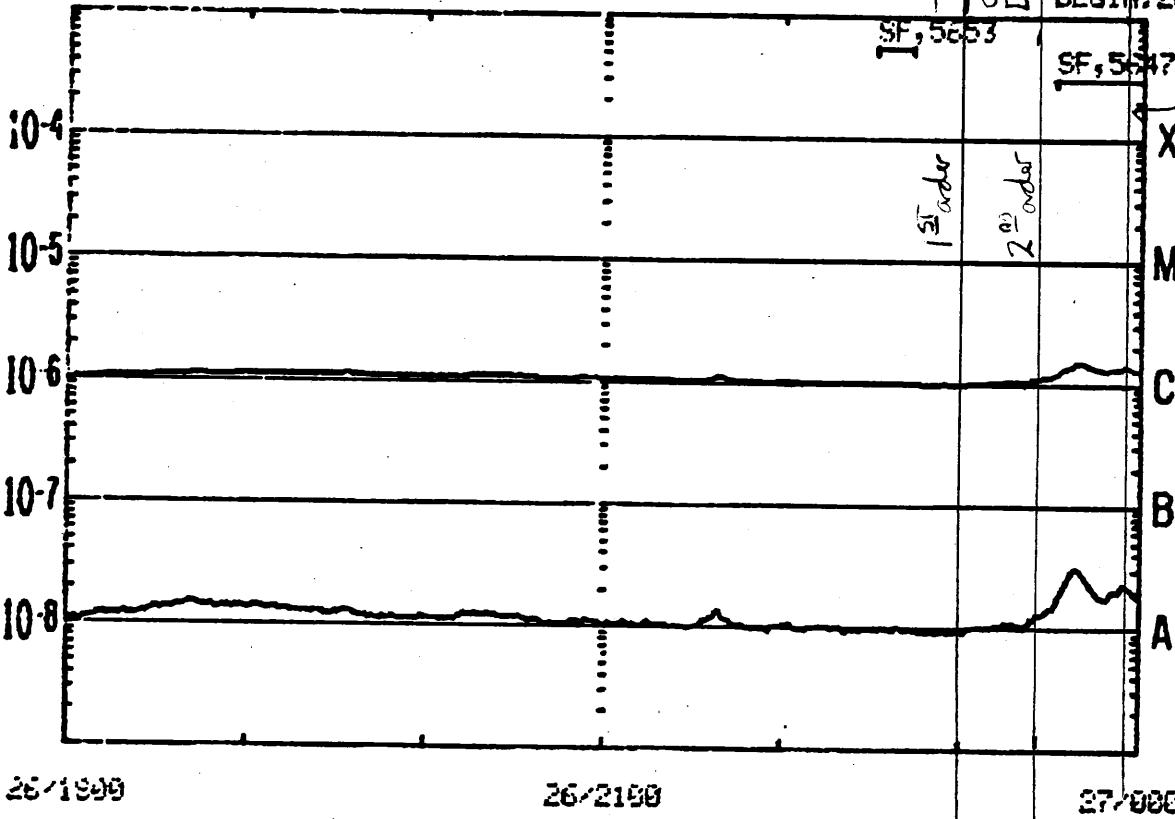
DOY239 tstart=DOY238 23:26 from derivative=0
Event begins at 2.92 Solar Radii
radial acceleration=0.987E-01 km/sec**2

1989 Day 238

SAA and OPTICAL DATA TOGETHER

STOP Ret.

Watts meter²



Top of Outer Mound

Center = 32.2°
[23:00] 1st order

Top of Outer Mound

[23:26] 2nd order

Top of Inner Mound also

[23:26] 1st order

Top of Inner Mound

[23:53] 2nd order

BEG: 26 AUG 89

SF, 5833

SF, 5847

GOES 7 0.5-4.0A GOES 7 1.0-8.0A

OPTICAL FLARES

26/1900

26/2100

27/0000

SAA's NIGHT

GOES-7 1 MIN DATA: OPTICAL FLARE DUR, IMP, REGION

RUN: 1454UT
28 AUG 89

This is a 1 order run

INPUT:

year	day	time	radii	error in radius	angle	error in angle	datatype
1989	239	0:11:26	3.50	+/- 0.15	320.0	+/- 1.0	SMM
1989	239	0:19:43	3.55	+/- 0.15	320.0	+/- 1.0	SMM
1989	239	0:36:12	4.30	+/- 0.20	320.0	+/- 1.0	SMM
1989	239	0:52:42	4.80	+/- 0.20	320.0	+/- 1.0	SMM

Structure being measured:
Top of Outer Mound

OUTPUT:

START TIME:

Event began at $t = 0 + -0.604E+02 \pm 0.263E+01$ [minutes]

In more convenient units:

Event began at DOY 238 23:00 $\pm 0.263E+01$ [minutes]

Event began at DOY 238 23: 0 $\pm 0.263E+01$ [minutes]

Origin defined at DOY239 0: 0

RADIAL INFORMATION:

RADIAL VELOCITY = 389. \pm 43. km/sec

The computed RADIAL coefficients and errors FROM NLLST2 are:

$c(1) = 0.302E+01 \pm 0.111E+00$ [solar radii]
 $c(2) = 0.335E-01 \pm 0.369E-02$ [radii/min]
 $c(2) = 0.389E+03 \pm 0.428E+02$ [km/sec]
 $c(3) = 0.000E+00 \pm 0.000E+00$ [radii/min**2]
 $c(3) = 0.000E+00 \pm 0.000E+00$ [km/sec**2]

The computed ERRORS in coefficients [BEVINGTON] are:

error in $c(1) = 0.13300E+00$ [radii] see Bevington pg. 114

error in $c(2) = 0.39188E-02$ [radii/min] see Bevington pg. 114

ANGULAR INFORMATION:

ANGULAR VELOCITY = 0.0000E+00 \pm 0.0000E+00 [radians/sec]

The computed ANGULAR coefficients and errors FROM NLLST2 are:

a(1) = 320. +/- 0. [degrees]
a(2) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [degrees/min]
a(2) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [rad/sec]
a(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [degrees/min**2]
a(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [rad/sec**2]

THE TANGENTIAL AND TOTAL VELOCITIES AT EACH DATA POINT ARE:

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 0:11 = 0. km/sec
The TOTAL velocity at 0:11 = 389. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 0:19 = 0. km/sec
The TOTAL velocity at 0:19 = 389. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 0:36 = 0. km/sec
The TOTAL velocity at 0:36 = 389. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 0:52 = 0. km/sec
The TOTAL velocity at 0:52 = 389. km/sec

The following info is for estimating goodness of the fit

Fit is ok [ier=1]

Standard Deviation in the height = 0.63
Standard Deviation in start time measurement = 0.158E+02
Error in time = 0.52397E+01 using best fit method
See Taylor Error Analysis [Univ of Colorado] pg.78

Value of reduced Chi Squared returned from nllst2 = 0.124E-01
Reduced Chi Squared = 0.286E-01
Chi Squared = 0.572E-01
The probability for exceeding chi square = 0.988E+00

The correlation coefficient = 0.987E+00
The probability that no LINEAR correlation exists between the variables = 0.1305E-01
SEE BEVINGTON "Data Reduction and Error Analysis" [1969]

This is a 2 order run

INPUT:

year	doy	time	radii	radius	error in	angle	error in	datatype
1989	239	0:11:26	3.50	+/- 0.15	320.0	+/- 1.0	SMM	
1989	239	0:19:43	3.55	+/- 0.15	320.0	+/- 1.0	SMM	
1989	239	0:36:12	4.30	+/- 0.20	320.0	+/- 1.0	SMM	
1989	239	0:52:42	4.80	+/- 0.20	320.0	+/- 1.0	SMM	

Structure being measured:

Top of Outer Mound

OUTPUT:

START TIME:

tstart=DOY238 23:26 from derivative = 0

Event begins at 2.92 Solar Radii

Origin defined at DOY239 0: 0

RADIAL INFORMATION:

RADIAL ACCELERATION = 0.987E-01 +/- 0.142E+00 km/sec**2

The computed RADIAL coefficients and errors FROM NLLST2 are:

c(1) = 0.321E+01 +/- 0.297E+00 [solar radii]
c(2) = 0.174E-01 +/- 0.235E-01 [radii/min]
c(2) = 0.202E+03 +/- 0.273E+03 [km/sec]
c(3) = 0.255E-03 +/- 0.367E-03 [radii/min**2]
c(3) = 0.987E-01 +/- 0.142E+00 [km/sec**2]

The computed ERRORS in coefficients [BEVINGTON] are:

Approximate error in c(1) = 0.43001E+00 [radii] Bevington pg 154 (8-30)
Exact error in c(1) = 0.19133E+00 [radii] Bevington pg 154 (8-28)
Approximate error in c(2) = 0.32365E-01 [radii/min] Bevington pg 154 (8-30)
Exact error in c(2) = 0.17025E-01 [radii/min] Bevington pg 154 (8-28)
Approximate error in c(3) = 0.49505E-03 [radii/min**] Bevington pg 154 (8-30)
Exact error in c(3) = 0.25936E-03 [radii/min**] Bevington pg 154 (8-28)

ANGULAR INFORMATION:

ANGULAR ACCELERATION= 0.0000E+00 +/- 0.0000E+00[radians/sec**2]

The computed ANGULAR coefficients and errors FROM NLLST2 are:

a(1) = 320. +/- 0. [degrees]
a(2) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [degrees/min]
a(2) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [rad/sec]
a(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [degrees/min**2]
a(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [rad/sec**2]

THE TANGENTIAL AND TOTAL VELOCITIES AT EACH DATA POINT ARE:

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 0:11 = 0. km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 0:11 = 269. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 0:19 = 0. km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 0:19 = 318. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 0:36 = 0. km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 0:36 = 416. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 0:52 = 0. km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 0:52 = 514. km/sec

The following info is for estimating goodness of the fit

Fit is ok [ier=1]

Standard Deviation in the height = 0.63

Standard Deviation in start time measurement = 0.158E+02

Value of reduced Chi Squared returned from nllst2 = 0.150E-01

Reduced Chi Squared = 0.765E-01

Chi Squared = 0.765E-01

The probability for exceeding chi square = 0.903E+00

For a second order fit 3 correlation coefficients are given:

(Using equation of motion: $r = a + bt + at^{**2}$)

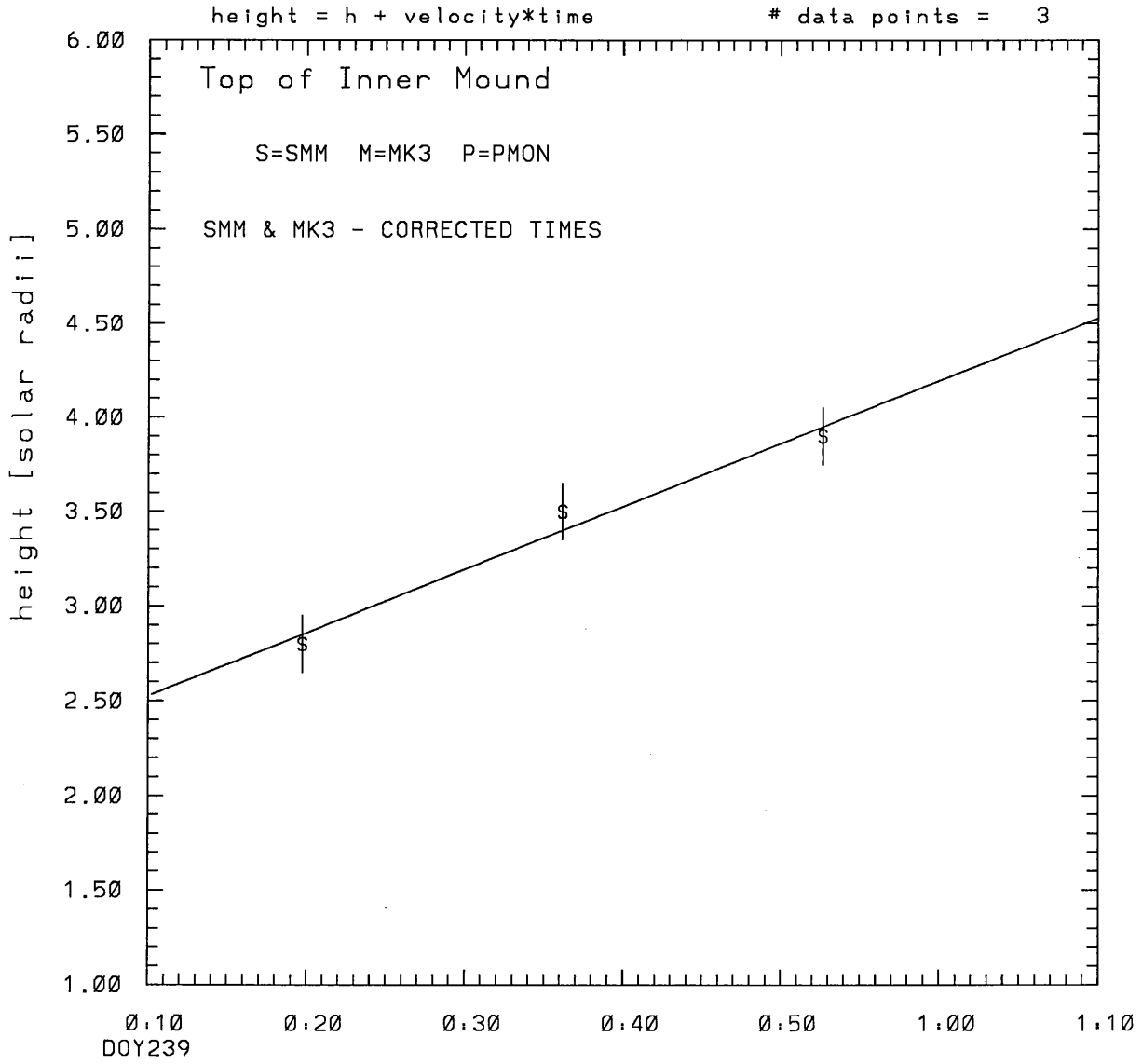
The correlation between the data and the term linear in time = 0.9694E+00

The correlation between the data and the time**2 term = 0.9489E+00

0The correlation between the data and the complete equation of motion = 0.9690E+00

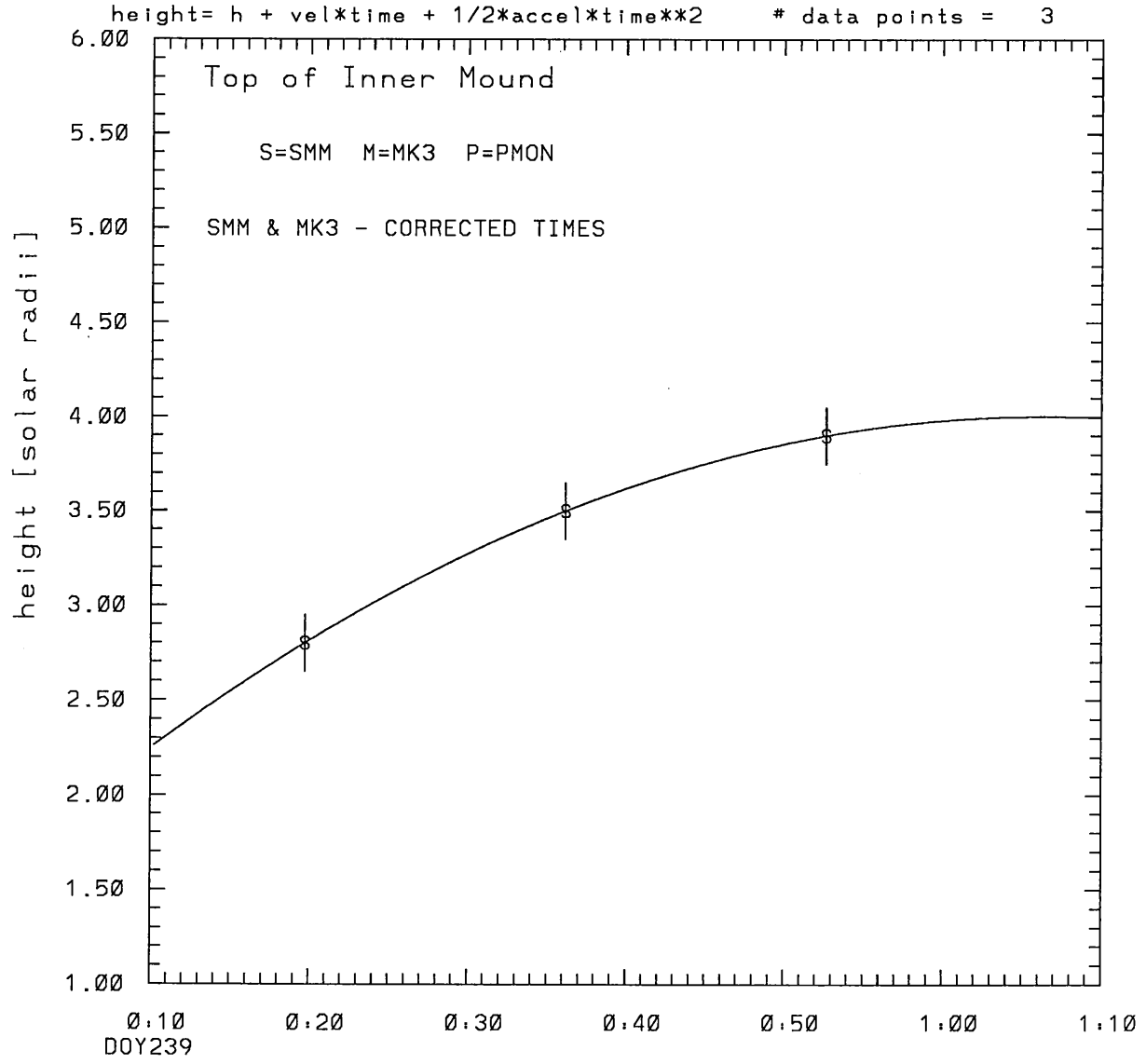
SEE BEVINGTON "Data Reduction and Error Analysis" [1969]

SMM C/P 1989 DOY239 320 +/- 0 degrees



tstart=DOY238 23:26 +/- 3.2 [min.]
radial velocity= 387. +/- 43. [km/sec]

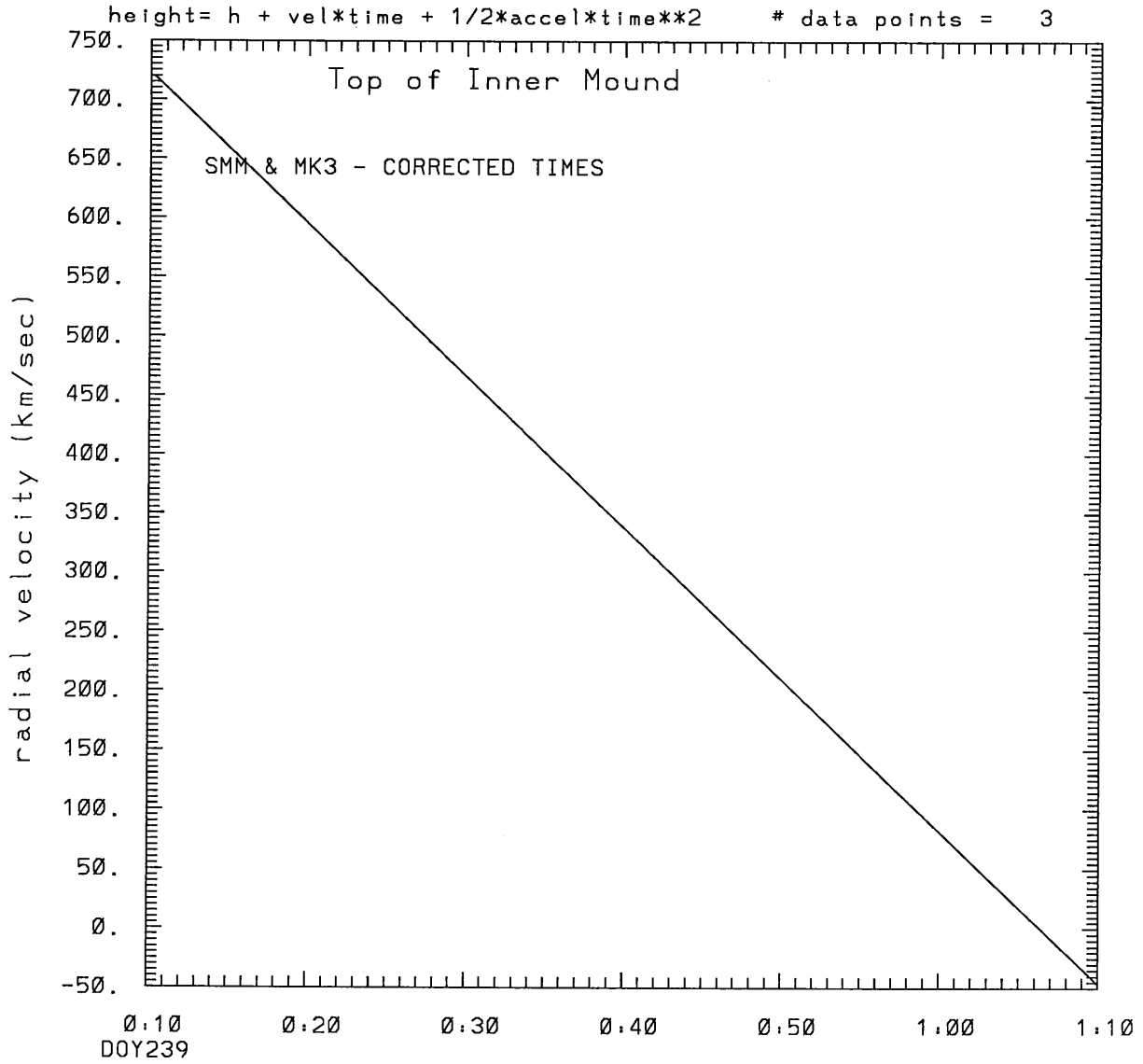
SMM C/P 1989 DOY239 320 +/- 0 degrees



tstart=DOY238 23:53 +/- 0.0 [min.]

radial acceleration=-0.2136 +/- 0.0000 [km/sec**2]

SMM C/P 1989 DOY239 320 +/- 0 degrees



tstart=DOY238 23.53 +/- 0.0 [min.]

radial acceleration=-.214E+00 km/sec**2

This is a 1 order run

INPUT:

year	doj	time	radii	radius	error in	angle	error in	datatype
1989	239	0:19:43	2.80	+/- 0.15	320.0	+/- 1.0	SMM	
1989	239	0:36:12	3.50	+/- 0.15	320.0	+/- 1.0	SMM	
1989	239	0:52:42	3.90	+/- 0.15	320.0	+/- 1.0	SMM	

Structure being measured:

Top of Inner Mound

OUTPUT:

START TIME:

Event began at t = 0 + -0.458E+02 +/- 0.318E+01 [minutes]

In more convenient units:

Event began at DOY 238 23:26 +/- 0.318E+01 [minutes]

Origin defined at DOY239 0:10

RADIAL INFORMATION:

RADIAL VELOCITY = 387. +/- 43. km/sec

The computed RADIAL coefficients and errors FROM NLLST2 are:

c(1) = 0.253E+01 +/- 0.110E+00 [solar radii]

c(2) = 0.333E-01 +/- 0.372E-02 [radii/min]

c(2) = 0.387E+03 +/- 0.432E+02 [km/sec]

c(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [radii/min**2]

c(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [km/sec**2]

The computed ERRORS in coefficients [BEVINGTON] are:

error in c(1)= 0.15500E+00 [radii] see Bevington pg. 114

error in c(2)= 0.52610E-02 [radii/min] see Bevington pg. 114

ANGULAR INFORMATION:

ANGULAR VELOCITY = 0.0000E+00 +/- 0.0000E+00[radians/sec]

The computed ANGULAR coefficients and errors FROM NLLST2 are:

a(1) = 320. +/- 0. [degrees]
a(2) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [degrees/min]
a(2) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [rad/sec]
a(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [degrees/min**2]
a(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [rad/sec**2]

THE TANGENTIAL AND TOTAL VELOCITIES AT EACH DATA POINT ARE:

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 0:19 = 0. km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 0:19 = 387. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 0:36 = 0. km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 0:36 = 387. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 0:52 = 0. km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 0:52 = 387. km/sec

The following info is for estimating goodness of the fit

Fit is ok [ier=1]

Standard Deviation in the height = 0.56

Standard Deviation in start time measurement = 0.135E+02

Error in time = 0.36793E+01 using best fit method

See Taylor Error Analysis [Univ of Colorado] pg.78

Value of reduced Chi Squared returned from nllst2 = 0.753E-02

Reduced Chi Squared = 0.301E-01

Chi Squared = 0.301E-01

The probability for exceeding chi square = 0.931E+00

The correlation coefficient = 0.988E+00

The probability that no LINEAR correlation exists between the variables = 0.9960E-01

SEE BEVINGTON "Data Reduction and Error Analysis" [1969]

This is a 2 order run

INPUT:

year	day	time	radii	error in radius	angle	error in angle	datatype
1989	239	0:19:43	2.80	+/- 0.15	320.0	+/- 1.0	SMM
1989	239	0:36:12	3.50	+/- 0.15	320.0	+/- 1.0	SMM
1989	239	0:52:42	3.90	+/- 0.15	320.0	+/- 1.0	SMM

Structure being measured:
Top of Inner Mound

OUTPUT:

START TIME:

Event began at t = 0 + -0.173E+02 +/- 0.000E+00 [minutes]

In more convenient units:

Event began at DOY 238 23:53 +/- 0.000E+00 [minutes]

Origin defined at DOY239 0:10

RADIAL INFORMATION:

RADIAL ACCELERATION = -0.214E+00 +/- 0.291E-05 km/sec**2

The computed RADIAL coefficients and errors FROM NLLST2 are:

c(1) = 0.225E+01 +/- 0.435E-05 [solar radii]
c(2) = 0.623E-01 +/- 0.400E-06 [radii/min]
c(2) = 0.723E+03 +/- 0.464E-02 [km/sec]
c(3) = -0.553E-03 +/- 0.752E-08 [radii/min**2]
c(3) = -0.214E+00 +/- 0.291E-05 [km/sec**2]

ANGULAR INFORMATION:

ANGULAR ACCELERATION= 0.0000E+00 +/- 0.0000E+00[radians/sec**2]

The computed ANGULAR coefficients and errors FROM NLLST2 are:

a(1) = 320. +/- 0. [degrees]
a(2) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [degrees/min]
a(2) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [rad/sec]
a(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [degrees/min**2]

$$a(3) = 0.000E+00 +/- 0.000E+00 [\text{rad/sec}^2]$$

THE TANGENTIAL AND TOTAL VELOCITIES AT EACH DATA POINT ARE:

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 0:19 = 0. km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 0:19 = 598. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 0:36 = 0. km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 0:36 = 387. km/sec

The TANGENTIAL velocity at 0:52 = 0. km/sec

The TOTAL velocity at 0:52 = 175. km/sec

The following info is for estimating goodness of the fit

Number data points = number of coefficients. No error analysis is possible.

Correlation coefficient is not computable!